

Meeting Purpose:

1. Overview of the Project
2. Overview of Engineering Specifications and Customer Needs
3. Detailed Discussion of Preliminary Testing Procedures and Results
4. Finalized Intake System Design
5. Cross-disciplinary Review: Generate Further Ideas

Materials to be Reviewed:

1. Project Description
2. Customer Needs
3. Engineering Specifications
4. Budget
5. Risk Assessment
6. Preliminary Testing Results
7. Finalized Intake Design Details

Meeting Date: February 12, 2010

Meeting Location: Room 09-2030

Meeting time: 3:00 pm – 5:00 pm

Meeting Timeline			
Start Time	Topic of Review	Start Time	Topic of Review
3:00	Introduction for the project	3:50	Questions, Concerns, Ideas
3:05	Customer Needs	3:55	Finalized Intake Design
3:10	Customer Specifications	4:15	Questions, Concerns, Ideas
3:15	Questions, Concerns, Ideas	4:25	Next Step - Manufacturing and Assembly
3:20	Budget	4:30	Questions, Concerns, Ideas
3:25	Risk Assessment	4:35	Next Step - Dynamometer and Car Testing
3:30	Questions, Concerns, Ideas	4:40	Questions, Concerns, Ideas
3:35	Preliminary Testing Procedures and Results	4:50	Closing Comments and Concerns

Project #	Project Name	Project Track	Project Family
P10227	Variable Intake	Vehicle Systems and Technologies Track	FSAE
Start Term	Team Guide	Project Sponsor	Doc. Revision
2009-2	Dr. Alan Nye	RIT Mechanical Engineering and FSAE	

Project Description

Project Background:

As each competition passes, fuel efficiency and technical superiority becomes much more prevalent in competition scoring. To advance the RIT Formula SAE Racing Team in the engine subsystem, the infinitely variable intake system will prove to be innovative and technically competitive.

Problem Statement:

This senior design project will develop an infinitely variable intake system for the Formula SAE race car that will allow for increased fuel efficiency, design advancements and a greener methodology to produce more engine power.

Objectives/Scope:

1. Measure the fuel efficiency of the engine
2. Improve power and torque
3. Packaging the system with simplicity to allow for ease of installation and maintenance
4. Design and build for the non-professional, weekend and competition market

Deliverables:

- Increased volumetric efficiency and fuel economy of the engine
- Improved power/torque
- Better drivability
- High reliability
- Manufacturability
- Servicability

Expected Project Benefits:

- Allow the RIT FSAE Racing Team to flourish in competition

- Advance the engine subsystem
- Lead into other Senior Design engine projects

Core Team Members:

- Dave Donohue
- Dan Swank
- Matt Smith
- Kursten O'Neill
- Tom Giuffre

Strategy & Approach

Assumptions & Constraints:

The largest constraint of this project is dependent on the status of the dyno facilities and the race car. To complete all listed deliverables specified by our customer, the intake system requires full testing and tuning.

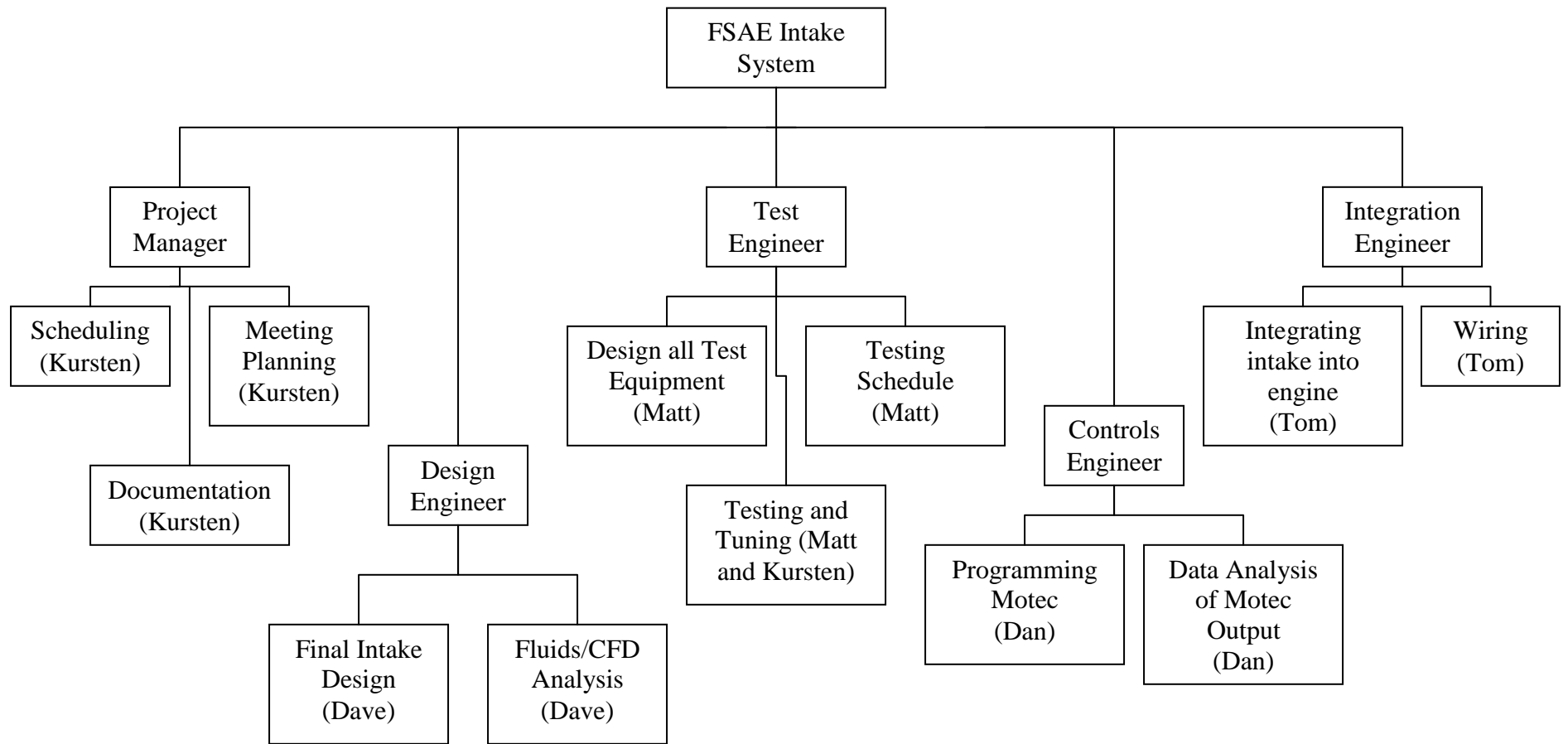
In addition, the car, as a whole, is built for high performance using lightweight designs. This trend is found in every facet of the car including the intake system.

Issues & Risks:

Project Issues/Risks/Constraints

- Project Realm
 - New Project to upgrade engine package
 - New area of study for some
- Available Resources
 - Obtaining Resources
 - Order Parts/Hardware
 - Lead Time for race car completion
- Implementation Issues
 - Packaging to comply with FSAE regulations
 - Understanding the limitations of the engine package and testing resources

P10227 Work Breakdown



P10227 Customer Needs

Customer Need #	Importance	Description
		Volumetric Efficiency
CN1	4	Increased Air Inductance
		Fuel Efficiency
CN2	7	Optimized usage of race fuel
		Power/Torque
CN3	5	Increased HP Output
CN4	5	Increased Torque Output
		Drivability
CN5	6	Ease of length of change while driving
		Weight
CN6	3	No significant weight gain
		Reliability
CN7	7	Low maintenance
		Manufacturability
CN8	1	Simplistic
		Servicabilty
CN9	2	Computer programming
CN10	2	Assembly
		Cost
CN11	0	Low cost

Importance: 10 = Highest Importance; 0 = Lowest Importance

P10227 Specifications

Engr. Spec. #	Importance	Source	Specification (description)	Unit of Measure	Marginal Value	Ideal Value	Comments/Status
ES1	2	Weight	The overall weight of the system compared to non-adjustable	lbs	4.0	1.85	Current system 1.478 lbs
ES2	1	Performance	The reduction of lap times due to system performance	sec	1	2	Will vary depending on event
ES3	3	Fuel Economy	The impact this system has on fuel consumption	lbs/hr	0	-2	
ES4	7	Manufacturing Time	Time required to produce a working unit	days	20	10	
ES5	6	Current Draw	Current required by the system to operate	amps	5	1	
ES6	4	Actuation Time	Time required to change position	milliseconds	200	100	
ES7	5	Position Length	The accuracy of the runner position at given rpm	inches	5%	1%	
ES8	6	Voltage Draw	Voltage required to produce a working system	volts			

Importance: 10 = Highest Importance
0 = Lowest Importance

P10227 Concept Selection

Concept Screening		
	2-Stroke	Infinitely
Selection Criteria		
<i>Volumetric Efficiency</i>		
Increased Air Inductance	+	+
<i>Fuel Efficiency</i>		
Optimized usage of race fuel	+	+
<i>Power/Torque</i>		
Increased HP Output	+	+
Increased Torque Output	+	+
<i>Drivability</i>		
Ease of length of change while driving	-	+
<i>Weight</i>		
No significant weight gain	0	0
<i>Reliability</i>		
Low maintenance	0	0
<i>Manufacturability</i>		
Simplistic	+	-
<i>Servicability</i>		
Computer programming	+	-
Assembly	+	-
<i>Cost</i>		
Low cost	0	0
Sum +'s	7	5
Sum 0's	2	2
Sum -'s	1	3
Net Score	6	2
Rank	1	2

Based on the customer needs, the best intake system for the race car is the two-position as it allows for a greater number of benefits compared to an infinitely variable system given the time frame, tools and manufacturing capabilities available.

Product	Manufacturer	Part Number	Unit Price	Quantity	Total Price	Comments
<i>Testing and Verification</i>						
<i>Testing Materials</i>						
93 Octane Fuel	-	-	\$ 3.00	20	\$ 60.00	gallons
100 Octane Fuel	-	-	\$ 6.00	20	\$ 120.00	gallons
Tires	Competition Tire East	D2696	\$ 180.00	4	\$ 720.00	Goodyear Tires
<i>Miscellaneous Dyno Materials</i>						
Thermocouples	Omega	KMQSS-062U-6	\$ 26.00	8	\$ 208.00	
<i>Manufacturing and Assembly</i>						
<i>Electric Actuation</i>						
Electric Solenoid	Allied Electronics	Ledex 195204-230	\$ 19.97	3	\$ 59.91	2 for testing, 1 for manufacturing
Extension Spring	McMaster-Carr	9657K33	\$ 6.86	1	\$ 6.86	Package of 12
<i>Pneumatic Actuation</i>						
Three Way Solenoid	Skinner	3131BBNIEN00RRT1J1C1	\$ 57.50	2	\$ 115.00	Three Way Valve
Pneumatic Cylinder	Bimba	010.5-NRBNT	\$ 20.15	2	\$ 40.30	Single Acting .5" Stroke, non rotating, 7/16 bore
Pressure Regulator	Parker	14R110C	\$ 18.99	1	\$ 18.99	
<i>System Materials</i>						
Aluminum Plate	McMaster Carr	8975K439	\$ 10.94	2	\$ 21.88	Size: 0.25 x 6 x 12, for Base Flange
Aluminum Tube	McMaster Carr	89965K123	\$ 18.18	1	\$ 18.18	Size: 1.5 x 0.035 x 36, for Static Runners
Aluminum Sheet	McMaster Carr	89015K14	\$ 12.63	1	\$ 12.63	Size: 0.050 x 12 x 12, for Plenum Shell
Aluminum Sheet	McMaster Carr	89015K18	\$ 26.29	1	\$ 26.29	Size: 0.125 x 12 x 12, for Plenum Base
ABS Plastic Rod	McMaster Carr	8587K52	\$ 57.57	1	\$ 57.57	Size: 3 Round x 12, for Diverter
ABS Plastic Rod	McMaster Carr	8587K49	\$ 22.53	2	\$ 45.06	Size: 2 Round x 12, for Dynamic Runners
<i>Miscellaneous System Materials</i>						
Air Filter	K&N Filters	RU-0981	\$ 29.99	1	\$ 29.99	Size: 2 Round x 12, for Dynamic Runners
Total					\$ 1,391.26	
Maximum Total					\$ 1,500.00	
Balance					\$ 108.74	

	Purchased
	To Be Purchased
	To Be Returned

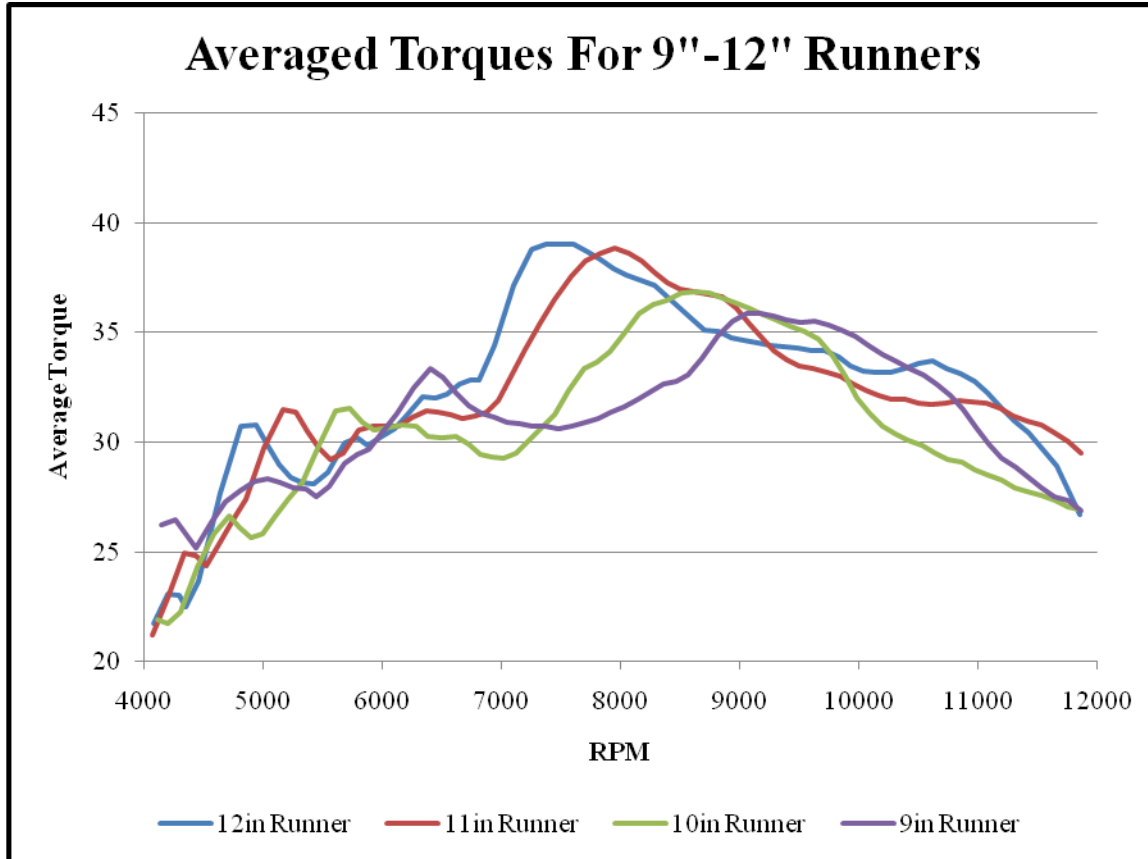
P10227 Risk Assessment

Type	Risk	Effect	Cause	Likelihood	Severity	I.S.	Action to Minimize Risk	Owner
Technical	Response time is not fast enough to engage length	Intake system will not be accurate, possibly not effective	Motech cannot program to the level necessary, engine cannot meet the specified load timing	1	1	1	Spec the response time correctly that can be found via calculations and testing	Tom/Dan
Technical	Safety of Motec is Compromised	Motec could be destroyed	Not taking precautions to eliminate all potential hazards such as open live wires	2	1	2	Trim all potential open live wires	Tom/Dan
Technical	A change in runner length results in a change in plenum volume that has unknown results regarding power and functionality	Unknown and unaccountable variables in the design and testing phase	Not knowing enough about engine characteristics for different volume changes	2	1	2	Reading and researching in addition to consulting with our technical advisor	Dave Donohue
Technical	Servomotor needed are not available	Not able to run intake system	No other servos are available	2	1	2	Research and plan 2-3 weeks before servo will be needed	Kursten O'Neill and Matt Smith
Technical	Pressure Sensors not compatible with engine	Will not have a method to tune intake system	Fittings are not compatible	2	1	2	Design fittings that will work with the already purchased sensors	Tom/Dan
PM	Not have enough \$ to sponsor project from ME Dept.	Not be able to purchase the materials needed to build the system	Costs are out of the range ME Dept is willing to give	1	2	2	Look to minimize cost in all areas	All
Technical	No available materials	Not able to build prototype or completed intake system	Not planning far enough in ahead on specs in order to purchase the material ahead of time	2	1	2	Work with FSAE and ME Dept to ensure that we have enough materials	Kursten O'Neill
Technical	The intake system packaging will not fit the FSAE envelope regulation	The intake system cannot be used in competition	Design constraints will not allow system to stay within envelope borders	3	1	3	Design for envelope borders under a given factor of safety	Dave Donohue
Technical	Wiring available does not work	Cannot wire the intake system to the motech computer system	Old/unreliable wire	3	1	3	Check all wires before assembly	Tom/Dan
PM/Technical	Not start manufacturing on time	Delay overall schedule to place on new car	Materials are ordered late or materials do not arrive on time	2	2	4	Work with Team Members and Dr. Nye to ensure materials are ordered and arrive with cushion time before manufacturing needs to begin	Kursten O'Neill

PM/Technical	Not start testing on time	Delay data gathering to make specs	Dyno facility not working	2	2	4	Work with John Scanlon to schedule testing time	Matt Smith
Technical	The dyno facility is not up and running	Delays preliminary testing and data gathering	The dyno breaks	2	2	4	Work with John Scanlon	Matt Smith
Technical	Motec does not have the capabilities to output the necessary data to ensure specs are met	Engineering Specs can not be confirmed	Unable to program the required inputs in order for Motec to record and output the necessary data	2	2	4	Work with John Scanlon to program Motec and test its capabilities in order to understand its limitations	Tom/Dan
Technical	Not capable of measuring fuel economy	Unable to measure a deliverable	We do not have the equipment or capabilities to measure	2	2	4	Brainstorm and plan for the most feasible method to measure	Matt Smith
Technical	Machined runner's not in spec	Not compatible with intake system	Machined incorrectly	3	2	6	Take precautions when machining all components	Matt Smith
Technical	Not being able to use F17's intake system for testing	We would have to make our own testing intake system	Needed for FSAE testing and tuning on other cars	3	2	6	Talk with Project Manager and Chief Engineer before it is needed	Matt Smith and Dave Donohue
Technical	The manufacturing of the system will be outside the capabilities of the team members	Unable to machine intake system	Design constraints will not allow for a simplified machining technique	3	2	6	Design within machine shop capabilities	Dave Donohue
Technical	Car not running	Not able to test the intake system on the car	Running late on assembly in FSAE	3	2	6	Work with FSAE to ensure that the car is on schedule	Matt Smith and Dave Donohue

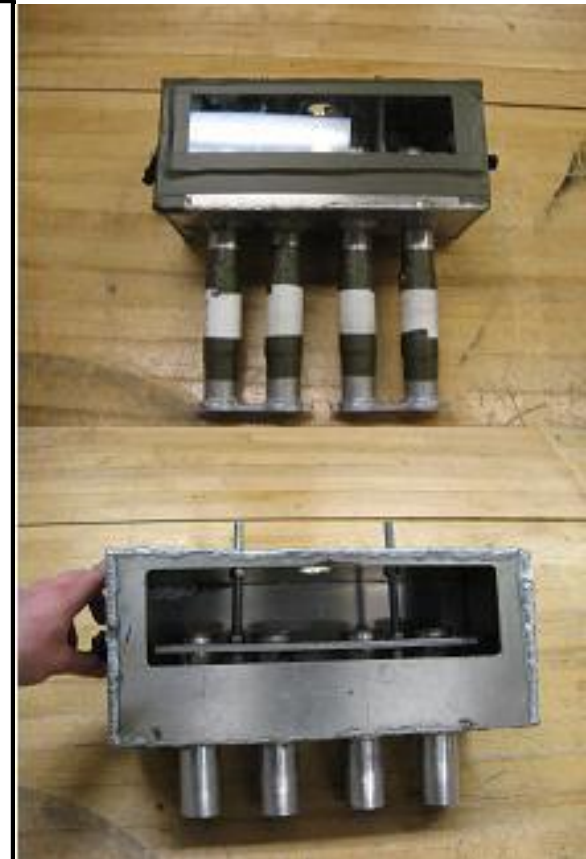
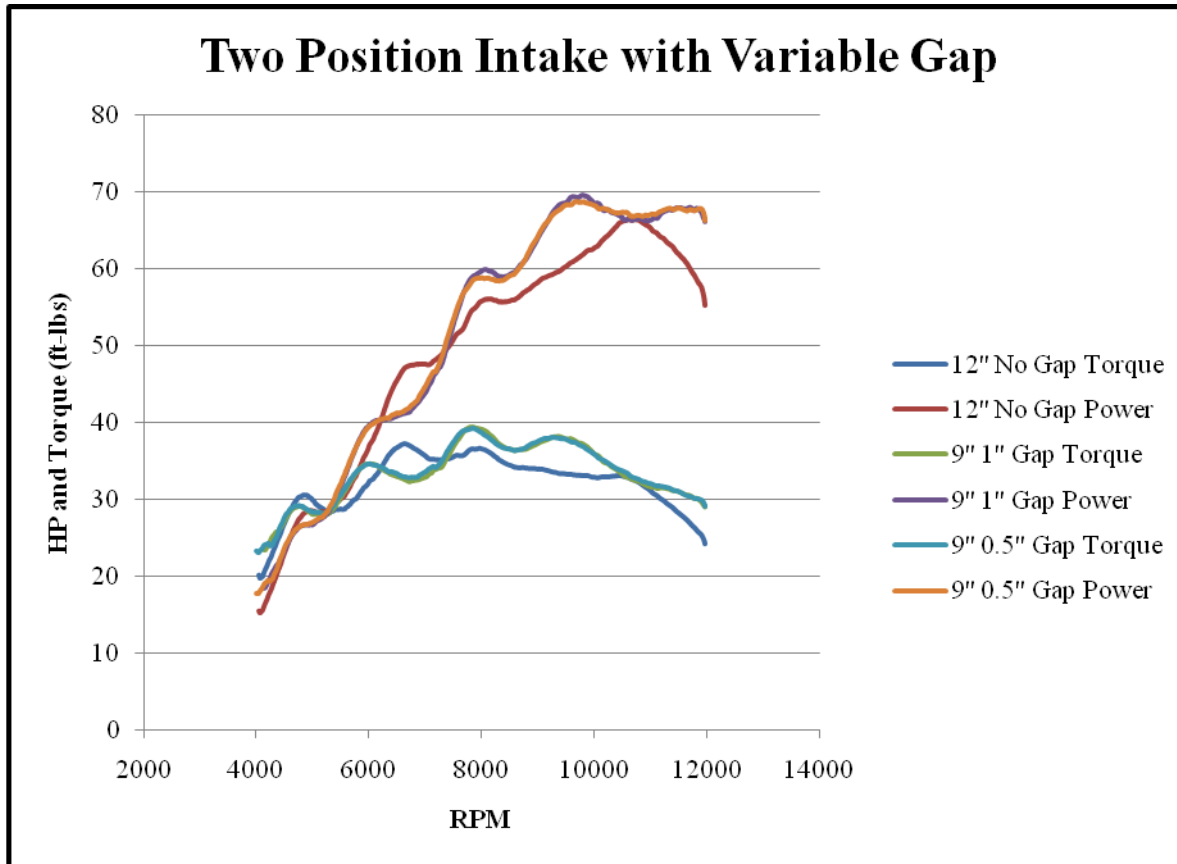
Likelihood	1	Likely
	2	Possible
	3	Not Likely
Severity	1	Very Severe-much time lost to account for design/manufacturing changes
	2	Severe-some time will be lost to account for design/manufacturing changes
	3	Not Severe-minimal time will be lost for design/manufacturing changes

P10227 Preliminary Testing Results



To find the runner lengths that achieved the best possible torque and horsepower, we modified a previous intake into our first prototype so that the runner length was adjustable. Testing was performed at inch increments from 6” through 12”. As you can see from the graph above, the best resulting lengths are 12”, 11” and 9”. Using this data, a second prototype was created.

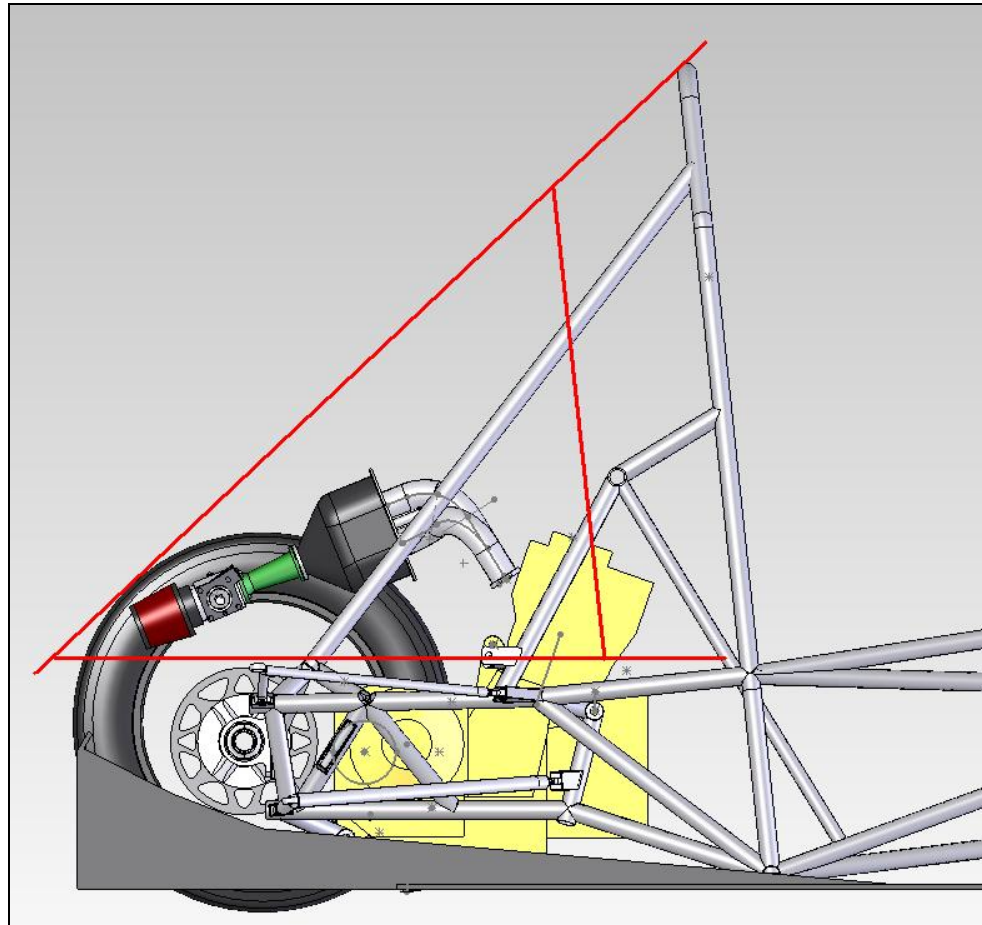
P10227 Preliminary Testing Results



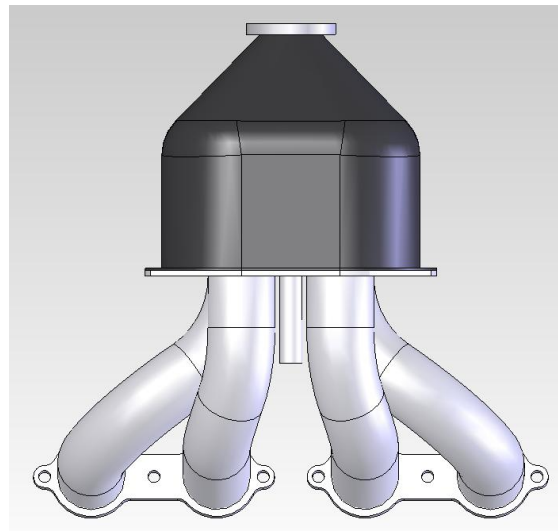
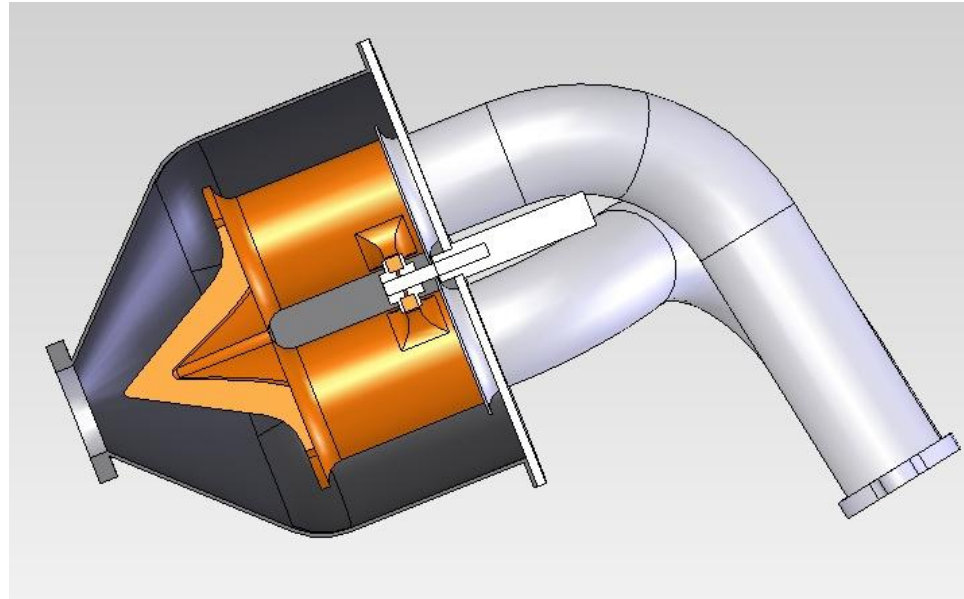
To mimic a two position system with the desired torque and horsepower peaks, we modified an existing plenum to fit the extending runners with an adjustable gap. When the intake was in long mode, the gap was closed and the total runner length was 12 inches. When the intake was in short mode, the gap was open and the total runner length was 9 inches. The open gap length was tested a multiple length in order to determine differences in yielding horsepower and torque. As a result, the optimal gap length to be used in the final design is 0.5 inches.

P10227 Finalized Intake Design

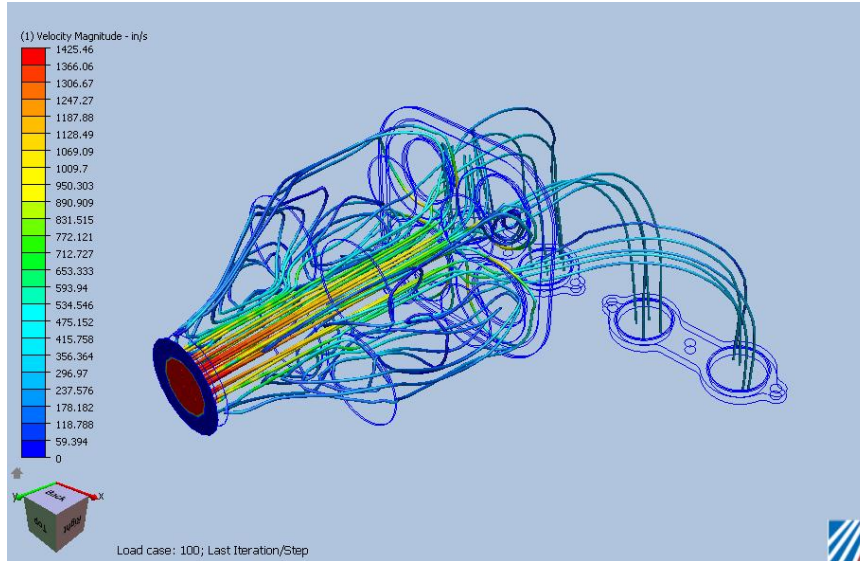
Packaging Constraint



P10227 Finalized Intake Design

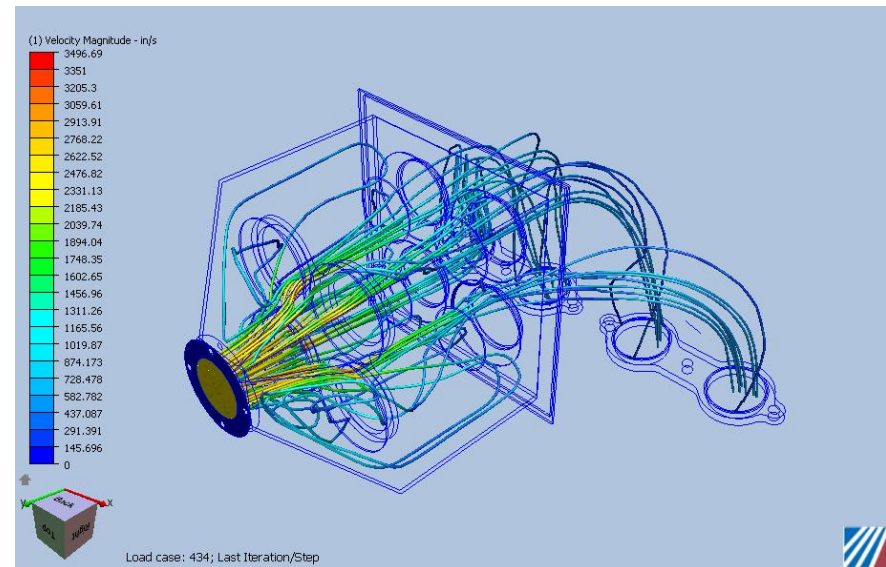


P10227 Finalized Intake Design

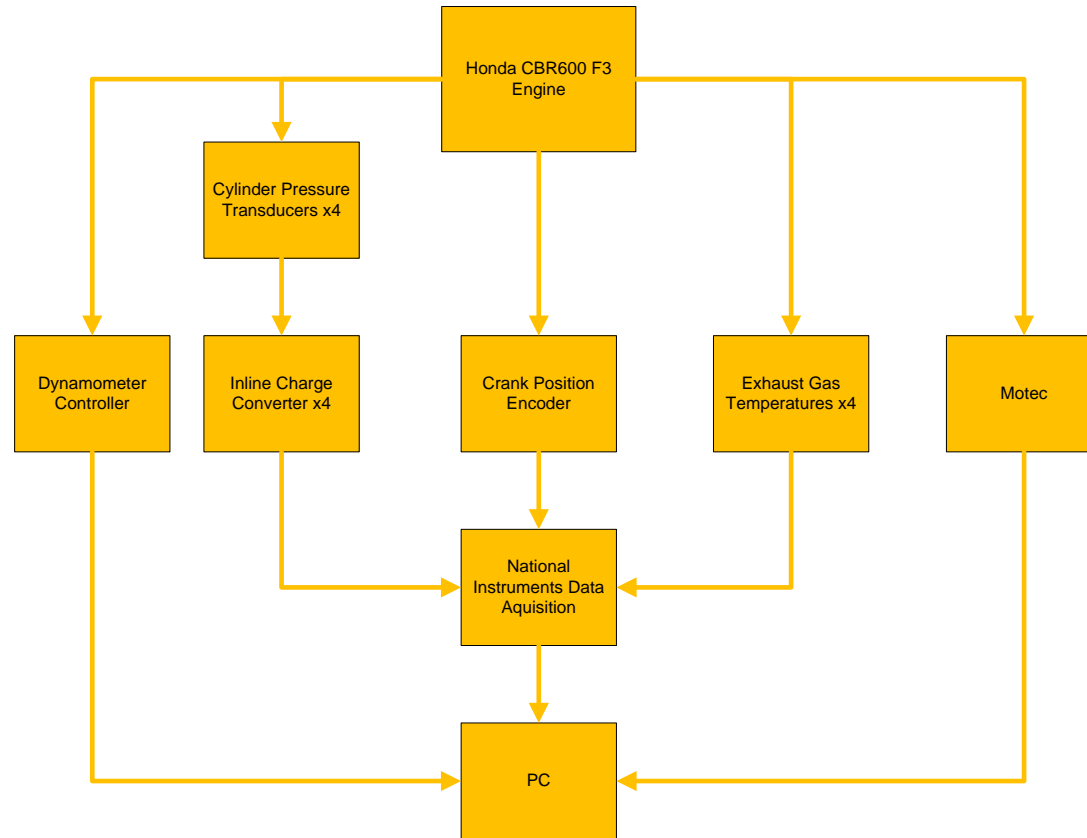


Intake System without Spike to Direct Flow into Runners

Intake System with Spike to Direct Flow into Runners



Dynamometer Test Layout



Intake System Design

