

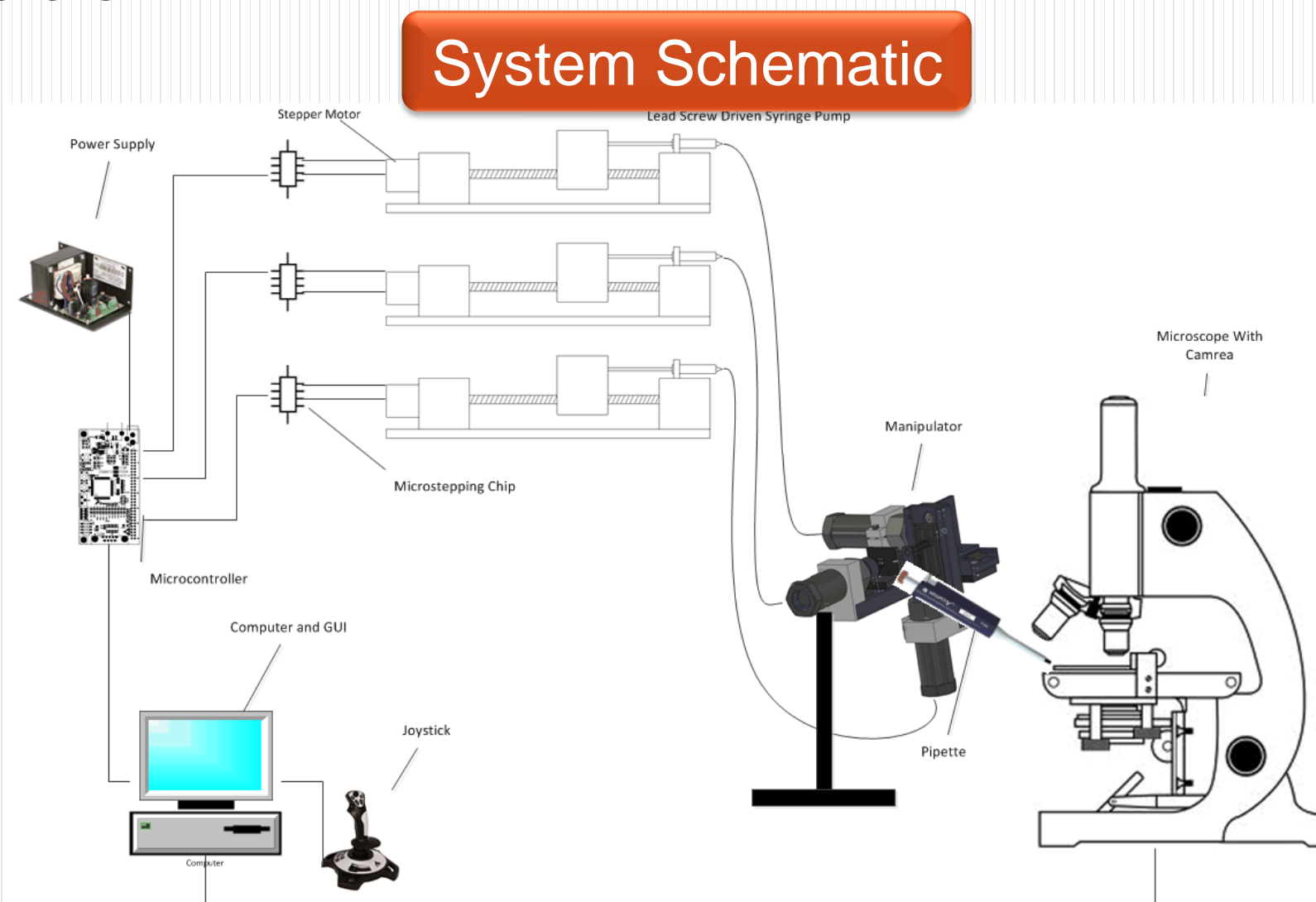
Design of a Low Cost Nanomanipulator

P12371: 2011-2 & 2011-3

Primary Customer: Dr. Michael Schlau

What Is a Nanomanipulator?

A nanomanipulator is a tool that allows manipulation of microscopic specimens while under a microscope. It reduces human hand movement to increments as small as 100 nanometers .



From left to right: Jaclyn Bastardi (ME), Robert Hughes (ME), Sabine Loebner (CE), Bradley Ling (ME), Bradley Olan (ME).

Motivation & Background

- Nanoscience is expensive and inaccessible
- By creating a low-cost manipulator this technology can be introduced to more students at high school and undergraduate levels.

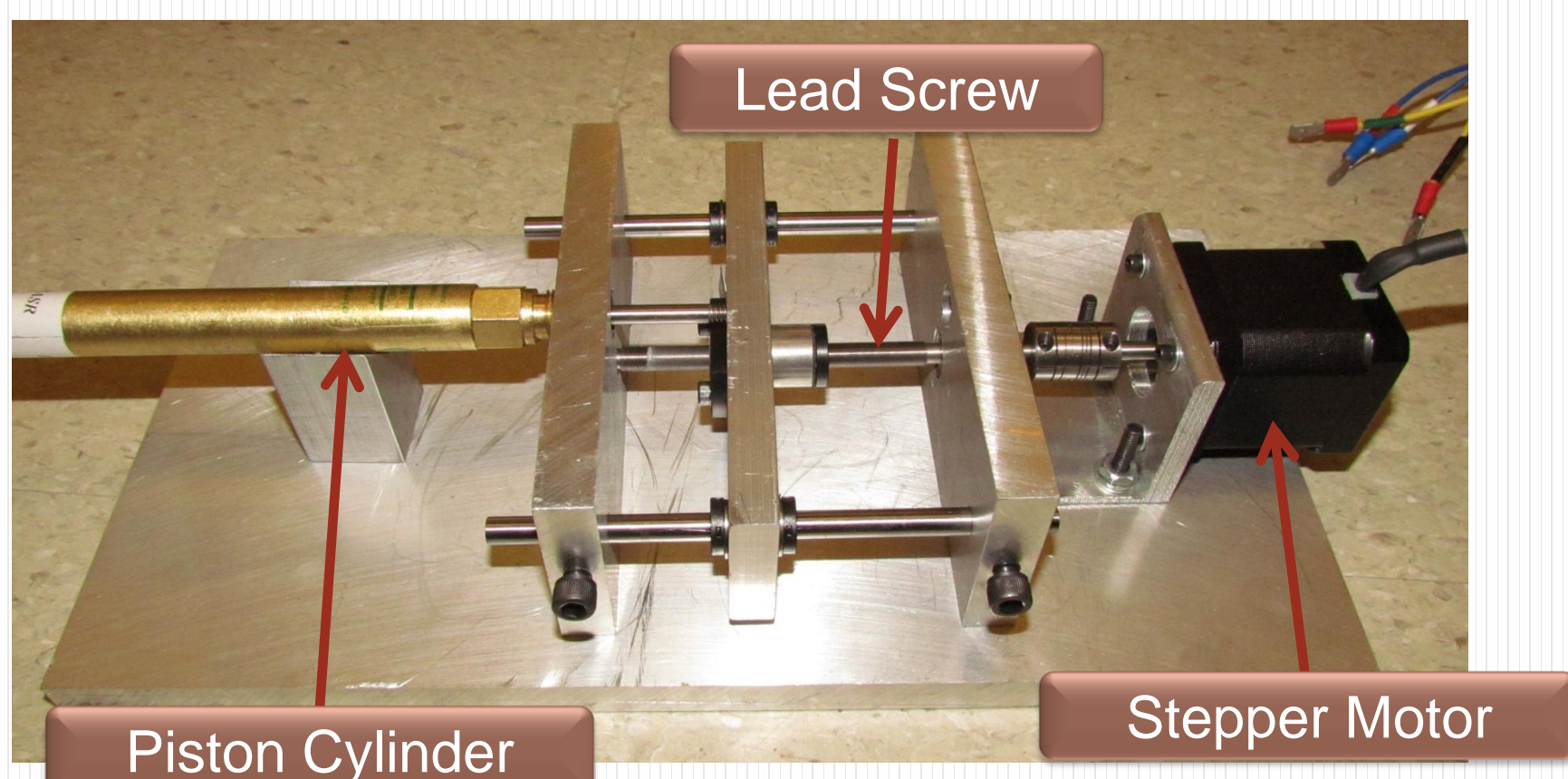
System Design Process

- Brainstormed different possibilities and organized into a Morph Chart.
- Used a selection matrix to determine which designs would fulfill the customer needs.

Final Design

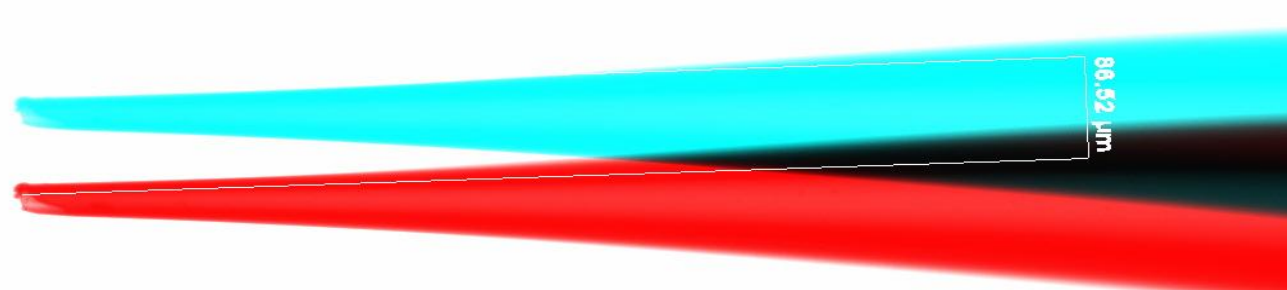
- Hydraulic Actuator chosen to minimize vibrations
- Controlled with a pump driven by a high precision lead screw to increase resolution.
- Stepper motors with advanced microstepping capabilities allow for precise control via a computer.

Pump Assembly



The stepper motor will turn a lead screw that moves the piston cylinder. The piston cylinder is connected to the manipulator via a hydraulic line.

Resolution Test

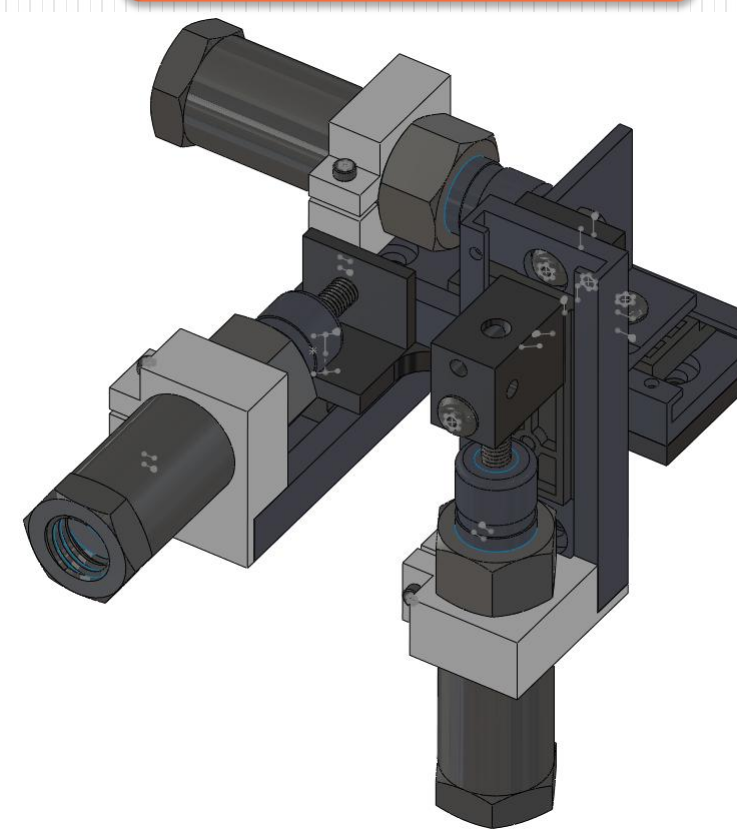


An overlay of two photographs taken of a pipette through the microscope. This shows one full revolution of the lead screw resulting in 88.5 μm of movement.

Customer Needs and Specifications

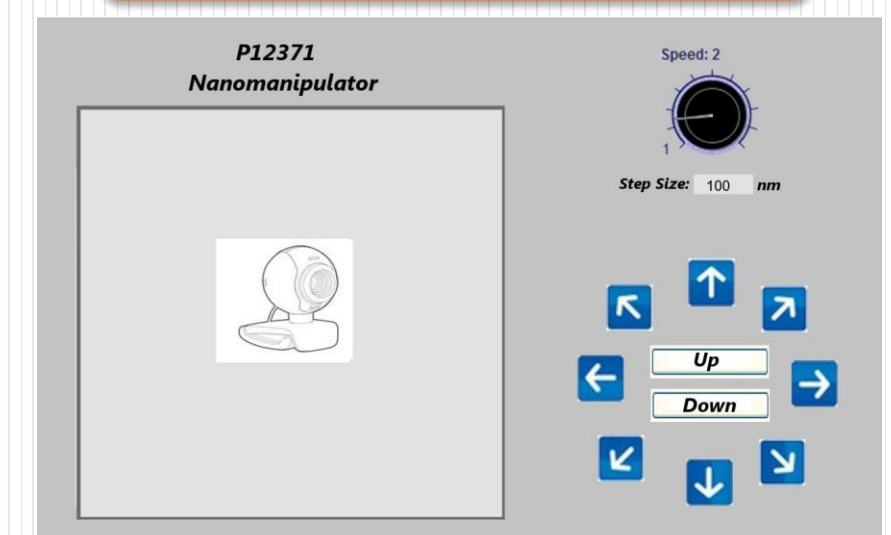
- Move instruments under a microscope at a resolution of 100 nanometers -1000 times smaller than a human hair!
- Make the system for less than \$2500 – about 1/3 to 1/6 the cost of commercially available manipulators.
- Mimic the performance of the commercially available manipulators.
- Control the entire system with a computer and a joystick.
- Live camera feedback from microscope to computer

Manipulator

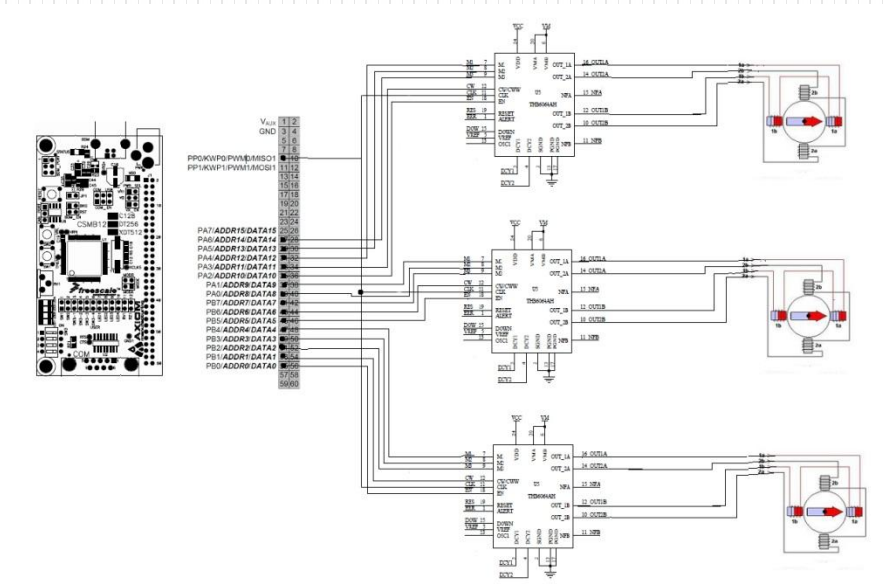


A hydraulically driven system on sliders that will move the instrument in all three axes while under the microscope.

User Interface



Control System



Converts signals sent from the PC into signals that will drive the Stepper motors at 64000 steps per revolution.

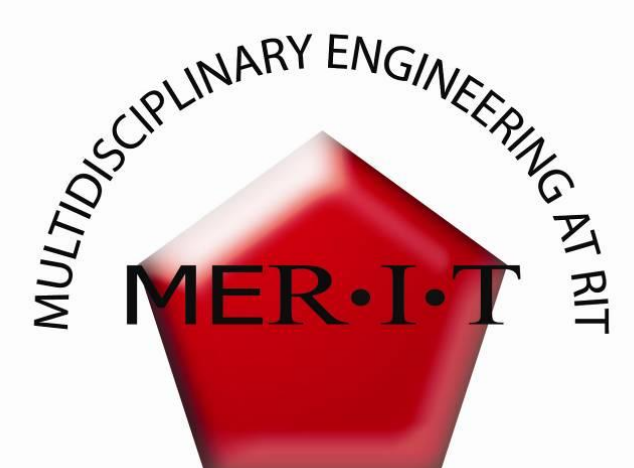
Acknowledgements:

Dr. Michael Schlau
Primary Customer

Michael Bady - Eppendorf
Donation of commercial manipulator

William Nowak
Guide

Rob Kranyk – ME Machine Shop
RIT Office of Sponsored Research



Senior Design

Want to learn more about our project? Visit
<https://edge.rit.edu/content/P12371/public/Home>