

R·I·T



Problem Definition Review

P16241 – AUTONOMOUS PEOPLE MOVER PHASE III

Team

| Member | Role | Major | Contact |
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Agenda

- Background
- Problem Statement
- Stakeholders
- Use Scenario
- Customer Requirements
- Engineering Requirements
- Preliminary Schedule
- Potential Risks

Background

Rochester Institute of Technology is re-entering the field of autonomous vehicle research.

Research and development of autonomous vehicles are becoming more and more popular in the automotive industry. It is believed that autonomous vehicles are the future for easy and efficient transportation that will make for safer, less congested roadways.

Our project will follow the work completed by the Phase I and II teams.

Problem Statement

RIT would like to showcase the capability of its engineering students by creating a fully functional autonomous vehicle. It is believed that self-driving vehicles are the future for easy, efficient transportation that will make for safer, less congested roadways and a cleaner environment. The Autonomous People Mover (APM) at RIT would provide transportation for students and visitors across the campus at a moment's notice. With the APM, no human driver is necessary. There have been two phases of this project so far. The first phase focused on modifying a golf cart into a remote controlled vehicle. The second phase is working on adding autonomous functionality to the APM for highly restricted settings.

The goal of Phase III is to analyze the APM's current autonomous capabilities and to incorporate localization, path planning, path following, and object avoidance. The vehicle will provide a simple human-machine interface which will collect and display diagnostic information. To ensure the safety of the passengers and any bystanders, passengers will have the ability to take control of the vehicle at any time. The prototype will be showcased at Imagine RIT 2016 on a closed course with a trained backup driver on board for safety assurance.

Problem Statement

■ Current State

- There have been two phases of this project so far. The first phase focused on modifying a golf cart into a remote controlled vehicle. The second phase is working on adding autonomous functionality to the APM in highly restricted settings.

■ Desired State

- APM is capable of localization, path planning, path following, and object avoidance. APM provides a simple human-machine interface which displays diagnostic information. Passengers have the ability to take control of the vehicle whether it is moving or stationary.

■ Project Goals

- APM can drive autonomously on a closed course while avoiding static and moving obstacles, staying on the designated path, and maintaining the safety of passengers and bystanders

■ Constraints

- Phase II accomplishments; budget; time for research, testing, and debugging; maintaining the safety of passengers and bystanders

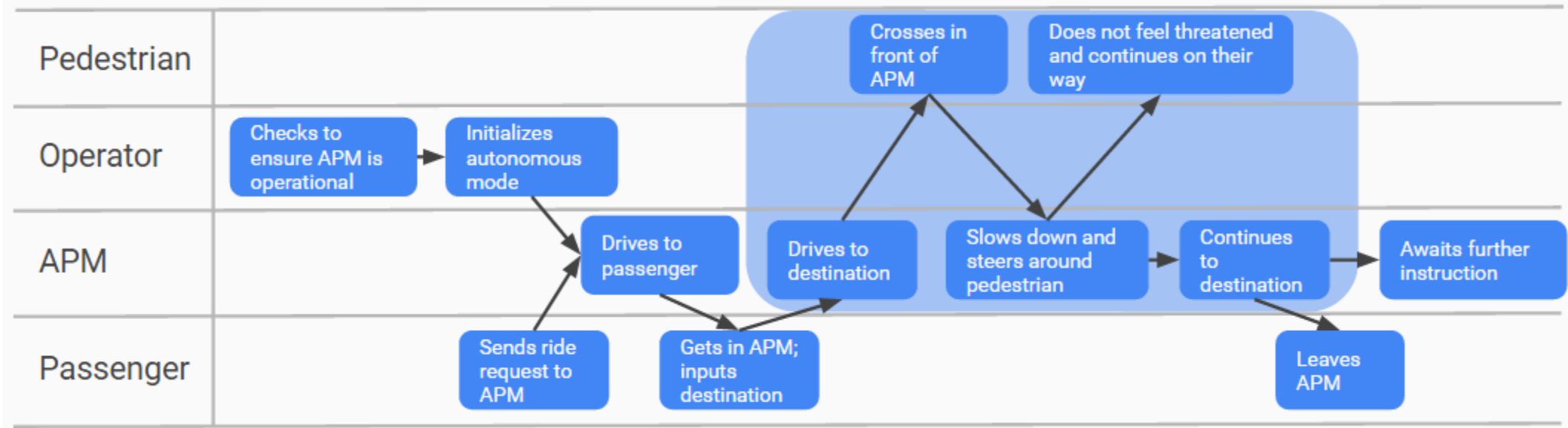
Stakeholders

- Primary Customer: Raymond Ptucha
- Faculty Guide: Michael Blachowicz
- RIT
- Passengers
- Bystanders
- Phase III Team
- Phase IV Team?
- D3 Engineering



D3 Engineering

Example Use Scenario



Customer Requirements

| Customer Rqmt. # | Importance | Description |
|------------------|------------|--|
| CR1 | 9 | APM must, at a minimum, be able to operate within a closed course in autonomous mode |
| CR2 | 9 | APM must move forwards in autonomous mode |
| CR3 | 9 | APM must have intelligent vehicle control: driving |
| CR4 | 9 | APM must have intelligent vehicle control: steering |
| CR5 | 9 | APM must have intelligent vehicle control: braking |
| CR6 | 6 | APM must re-route path to avoid obstacle |
| CR7 | 9 | APM must be able to detect obstacles and brake |
| CR8 | 3 | APM must exhibit localization |
| CR9 | 3 | APM must have diagnostic data logging capability |
| CR10 | 1 | APM will have a display which will show it's location on a map, as well as diagnostic information |
| CR11 | 9 | APM destination must be input via Secure Shell Protocol (SSH) or remote desktop to the onboard PC |
| CR12 | 9 | APM must perform an emergency stop when a passenger hits the emergency stop button, or when the remote control device activates the emergency stop |
| CR13 | 9 | APM must have a way to switch between manual, remote, and autonomous modes |

Engineering Requirements

| Rqmt. # | Engr. Requirement (metric) | Unit of Measure | Marginal Value | Ideal Value | Comments/Status |
|---------|--|-----------------|----------------|--------------|-----------------------------|
| S1 | Driving Modes (Manual, RC, Autonomous) | Pass / Fail | | | |
| S2 | Steering Control Precision | Degrees | ± 2 | ± 1 | |
| S3 | Steering Position Encoding | Degrees | ± 2 | ± 1 | |
| S4 | Speed Control | MPH | ± 1 (0.5) | ± 0.5 (0.25) | |
| S5 | Speed Encoding | MPH | ± 1 (0.5) | ± 0.5 (0.25) | |
| S6 | Maximum Speed | MPH | 10 (4.5) | 12 (5.4) | |
| S7 | GPS Positioning | Meters | ± 5 | ± 0.25 | |
| S8 | Course: Arrive at planned destination | Pass / Fail | | | |
| S9 | Course: Make turn when road turns | Pass / Fail | | | |
| S10 | Course: Stop when stationary obstacle in way | Pass / Fail | | | |
| S11 | Course: Stop when moving obstacle moves in way | Pass / Fail | | | |
| S12 | Course: Slow down when approaching turn and speed up again after | Pass / Fail | | | |
| S13 | Drive Forward Autonomously | Pass / Fail | | | |
| S14 | Detection of Light Reflecting 10" x 10" Objects Within 3 Meters | Percentage | 99 | 100 | 180 degrees in front of car |
| S15 | Detection of Sound Reflecting 1' x 1' Objects Within 1 Meter | Percentage | 99 | 100 | 180 degrees in front of car |
| S16 | Minimum Stopping Distance (without hitting obstacle) | Meters | 5 | 3 | |
| S17 | SSH Interface with onboard PC | Pass / Fail | | | |

Potential Risks

- Phase II not completing requirements
- Control system physically failing
 - Steering
 - Brake
 - Throttle
- Sensor Malfunction
 - LiDAR
 - Ultrasonics
 - Visual cameras
 - GPS
- Physical Vehicle Malfunction
 - Damage to cart
 - Flat tire
 - Brakes locked out
- Algorithm Failure
 - Path planning
 - Obstacle avoidance

Potential Risks Continued

- Weather Issues

- Daylight
- Snow/Ice
- Rain
- Heat

- Computer Failure

- Bandwidth issues
- Processing too slow
- Software bugs

- Malicious Actions

- Passenger
- Bystander

Questions
